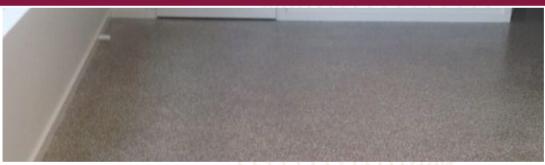


### **PRIMERS & SURFACE PREPARATION GUIDE**







### There are three responses

when looking at a coated

surface – yes, no, and WOW!

Wow is the one to aim for.



**Era Polymers Pty Limited**Coatings Division

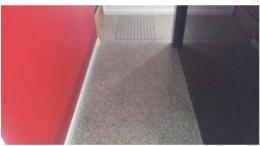
### Introduction

### Welcome to Era Polymers

**66** 80% of all coatings failures can be directly attributed to inadequate surface preparation that affects coating adhesion; which is why surface preparation is extremely important.



hen preparing any surface for coating either for protection or decorative reasons surface preparation is key to successful bonding and ensuring a good long lasting finish.



he coatings performance is directly affected by surface preparation carried out. It is estimated that as high as 80% of all coating failures can be directly attributed to inadequate surface preparation that affects coating adhesion; which is why surface preparation is extremely important.



hoosing the correct preparation method should Jensure that the coating adheres to the substrate prolonging the service life of the coating system. Getting your surface preparation correct is the difference between failure and success!



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**IMPORTANT NOTE** 

**GETTING STARTED** 

# Surface Preparation

Many surfaces; concrete, steel, wood etc. require coating systems to protect them from corroding in aggressive environments.

The procedures for surface preparation will vary depending on the type of substrate to be coated.

There are several factors that will influence your surface preparation methods:

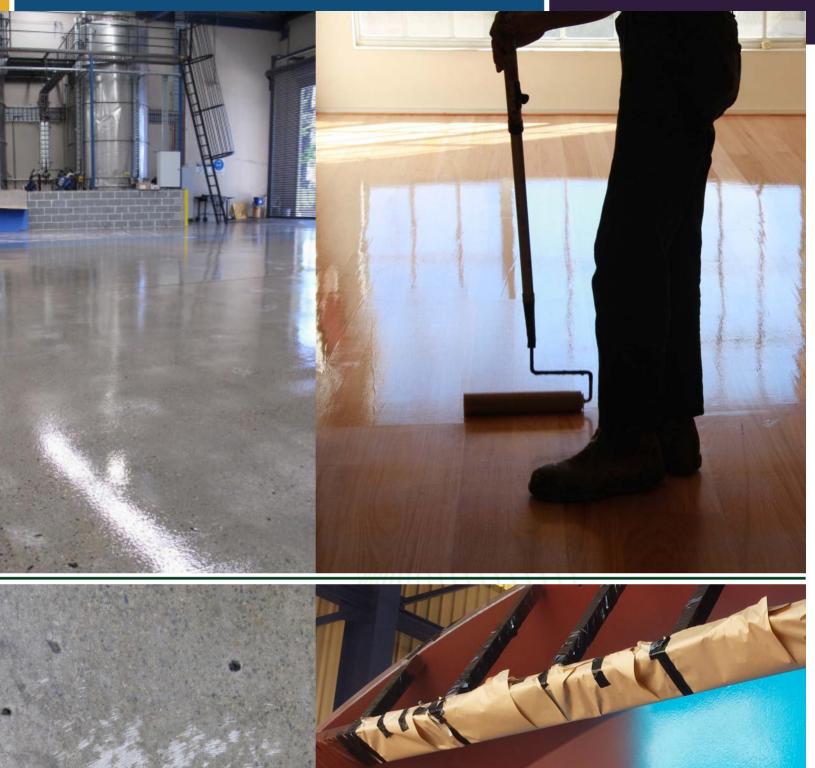
- Substrate
- > If substrate has been previously coated
- > Required bond strength
- > Environment
- Coating system selected
- Expected life of coating system
- Surface contamination
- > Economic considerations

Regardless of the type of substrate you are coating, all surfaces, must be free from contamination such as paints, oils, dust, dirt, mill scale, rust, mould, release agents, mildew etc, they must also be clean and dry prior to application of the primer and subsequent top coats. Any contaminants may impair the adhesion of the required primer, resulting in the surfacing failing.

Good surface preparation equals good adhesion and a successful surface treatment.









2

## **Applying your Primer:**

# Mechanical & Chemical Keys for your Surfacing

### Mechanical Key - Substrate & Primer

Generally a mechanical key is required for the primer to bond with the substrate this means the surface is not smooth but has a sandpaper type texture (a series of peaks and valleys) which allows the primer to adhere easily to the surface profile. It is important that the profile of the substrate is appropriate for the film thickness of the coating.

### Chemical Key - Primer & Coating

The primer provides a protective coating to the substrate and gives a smooth surface for the top coating to be applied to. The primer and coating bond together chemically. Preparing Substrate for Primer Application





### **Methods**

### for Removing Contaminants from **Substrates for Surface Preparation**

There are three basic methods for removing contaminants (see below). Depending on the initial condition of the substrate to be coated and whether a mechanical, chemical or combination key is needed, one of these methods may be sufficient or a combination of treatments may be required.

### **CHEMICAL CLEANING**

A popular method for preparing metals, it includes treatments which etch the surface to form highly adhering oxides, or deposit complex inorganic coatings.



#### **ABRASION**

Methods such as shot blasting, sandblasting, jet blasting; where an abrasive medium is used to clean and etch a small profile into the surface to allow for both a chemical and mechanical key of the primer to the substrate.



#### **DEGREASING**

This is when surfaces are cleaned with either a hot alkali solution or solvent vapour; they are only suitable if the substrate is free of rust, paint and scale.









# Guidelines to Successful Bonding

The following procedure is specifically suited to the preparation and subsequent priming of metal surfaces. A similar procedure is used for other substrates. Please contact **Era Polymers** for specific information.

### SAND/GRIT BLAST TO CLASS 2.5

Steel and Cast Iron require abrasive grit blast to a "near-white metal" Class 2.5. (This is ideal for most non-immersion applications. Other substrates will require abrading to achieve some mechanical bonding to assist the chemical bond.)



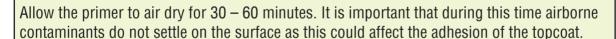
### **DEGREASE**

Wipe all surfaces with a suitable solvent to remove any traces of dirt or grease. Suitable solvents include MEK (methyl ethyl ketone), Acetone, Methylene Chloride.



### **PRIMING**

It is very important to apply the primer as soon as possible after the surface has been prepared. This is to protect the freshly blasted surface as corrosion starts immediately after the surface is prepared and the primer alleviates this. Apply the primer to a clean, dry surface by brushing or spraying. The primer should be applied as a thin coat. If coloured, the appearance of the metal should be transparent and mottled.

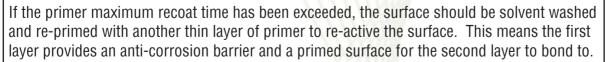




### APPLYING THE TOP COAT

Once the primer is cured, apply the polyurethane top coat.

This should be applied on the same day as the surface was primed and within the maximum recoat time of the primer.





### **CURING TIME FOR POLYURETHANE/POLYUREA TOP COAT**

Generally, allow the topcoat to cure 2 to 3 days before service - 7 days if coated surface will be exposed to stringent environments.



# 5

## **Era Polymers - Primers**

Typical Cure  Time  2-3 Hours @ 25°C  1-2 Hours @ 25°C  7  1-2 Hours @ 25°C				Antonia Inton		
Title   Titl		:		vietai Fillifeis	-	
100	Product Name	Application	System	Mix Ratio	Typical Cure Time	Features
Metal:    Poburethane   Pobyurethane   Pobyurethane   Poburethane   Pobyurethane   Pobyurethane	Erabond 6100FC	For bonding Sprayable PU to	High Solids (68%)	1:1 by volume	2-3 Hours @ 25°C	
Pobywethane  Pouchle Iron  Ductile Iron  Steel  Ductile Iron  Ductile Iron  Steel  Ductile Iron  Duc			2 Component			
Poburetitative   Pobu						
P Galvanized Steel component Phenolic Single Component Thomas Steel component Phenolic System. This system is also available in red.  Aluminium P Manganese Cool Cast/Trowellable PU to PU Conponent Plane Primers For bonding Sprayable PU to PU High Solids (60%) single Single Component Tohurethane Primers For bonding Sprayable PU to High Solids (60%) single Single Component Tohurethane Primers For bonding sprayable PU to High Solids (60%) single Single Component Tohurethane Primers For bonding sprayable PU to High Solids (60%) single Single Component Tohurethane System  For bonding sprayable PU to High Solids (65%) single Single Component Tohurethane System  Concrete  For bonding sprayable PU to Tohurethane Primers  Concrete  System  Concrete  For bonding sprayable PU to Tohurethane Pune System  Concrete  System  Concrete  For bonding sprayable PU to Tohurethane Pune System  Concrete  For bonding sprayable PU to Tohurethane Pune System  Concrete  For bonding sprayable PU to Tohurethane Pune System  Concrete  For bonding sprayable PU to Tohurethane Pune System  Concrete  For bonding sprayable PU to Tohurethane System  Concrete  For bonding sprayable PU to Tohurethane Pune System  For bonding sprayable PU to Tohurethane System  For bonding sprayable PU tohurethane System  For bonding S			Polyuretilane			
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For bonding Sprayable PU to Putering Sprayable	Erabond CM	For bonding Sprayable PU and Cold Cast/Trowellable PU to metal:	Low solids (18%) 2 Component Polyurethane	1:1 by weight	1-2 Hours @ 25°C	> Excellent Chemical Resistance
For bonding PU to PU High Solids (60%) single System Concrete Conc						
For bonding PU to PU High Solids (60%) single Single Component 1-2 Hours @25°C Component polyurethane System  For bonding sprayable PU to Component polyurethane System  Concrete Concrete Concrete System  K For bonding sprayable PU to Component Epoxy  K For bonding sprayable PU to 2 component Epoxy  Concrete Concrete System  System  18-22 hours © 2°C  System  Concrete System  Syst						
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	Erabond 2K	For bonding sprayable PU to	100% solids		18-22 hours @	
					0	> Low viscosity for good concrete penetration

### **Era Polymers - TDS Extracts**

Complete TDS documents available upon request.



### **Erabond CM Primer**

Polyurethane Primer Complete document available upon request

### **TECHNICAL DATASHEET - Extract**

ERABOND CM Primer is a two component solvented anti-corrosive primer for metal surfaces.

ERABOND CM Primer promotes adhesion to properly prepared aluminium, steel, and galvanized steel. ERABOND CM primer affords superior corrosion protection to properly prepared steel when used in conjunction with Erapol and Eraspray polyurethane elastomers.

### Application

ERABOND CM Primer is best applied by siphon or pressure pot spray equipment. Airless spray equipment may be used, provided a maximum of 12.7µm DFT is applied.

ERABOND CM Primer is applied in a single wet pass with 50% overlap. Hold the gun at right angles to the surface approx. 20-30 cm away. Make even, parallel passes and spray approx. 90μm Wet Film Thickness (WFT) to achieve 9μm DFT. A thicker film is not required. The desired film thickness will be obtained when the film appearance is continuous, but mottled and

ERABOND CM primer is suitable for use in applications up to temperatures of 140°C (284°F)

### Mixing and Curing Conditions

Isocyanate Prepolymer (A)	(pbv)	100	
Polyol Curative (B) (pbw)		100	
Induction Time at 20°C	(mins)	15	
Pot life at 25°C		8 hours. Do not use after this time has elapsed even if the mixture is still liquid.	
Dry Film Thickness (DFT)		$6.35\mu m-12.7\mu m$ Under no circumstances should ERABOND CM Primer be used at greater than $15\mu m$ DFT. The metal substrate should be visible under the applied primer.	
Recoat Time 20°C		Allow ERABOND CM primer to air dry 30 minutes - 2 hours before applying topcoat.	
Spread Rate		8.4m <sup>2</sup> /L @ 12.7μm DFT 18.3 m <sup>2</sup> /L @ 6.35μm DFT	

This information is of general nature and is supplied without recommendation of guarantee. It does not make claim to be free from patent intringement Properties shown are typical and do not imply specification tolerances. Era Polymers cannot accept liability for loss or damage through use. Whilst these technical details are based on expert knowledge, practical experience and laboratory testing, successful application depends upon the nature







POLYURETHANE FAST CURE PRIMER

### **TECHNICAL DATASHEET - Extract**

Erabond 6100FC Primer is a high solids, 2 component urethane primer with outstanding adhesion to properly prepared steel, ductile iron and galvanized substrates. It is specially formulated to provide excellent anti corrosive properties and accept fast-set and standard-set polyurethanes.

### **Features**

- Convenient 1:1 mix ratio
- Excellent adhesion to aged Polyurethane and Polyurea coatings
- Very good chemical resistance
- High flexibility and impact resistance
- Prevents undercutting
- Fast drying to aid applicator productivity

### Physical characteristics

Mix Ratio (Volume)	1:1
Pot life @ 15 ℃ (minutes)	40 - 45
Pot life @ 25 ℃ (minutes)	30 - 35
Pot life @ 32 ℃ (minutes)	15 - 20
Solids Content by Volume	55%
Solids Content by Weight	68%
Theoretical Coverage 1 Litre	10 m <sup>2</sup> @ 50μ
Recommended Dry Film Thickness (DFT)	25μ - 75μ
Number of Coats required	1



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### **Erabond Metal**

POLYURETHANE TO METAL PRIMER

### **TECHNICAL DATASHEET - Extract**

**ERABOND METAL** is a high strength single coat primer system for bonding liquid urethanes to most metal substrates. Extensive evaluation has shown the adhesion of the **ERABOND METAL** primer is superior to many other primers currently used in the industry.

### **Application**

Suitable for use on properly prepared metal substrates such as steel, iron, aluminium, and manganese.

### **Product Specification**

A red or clear liquid
150-250
25
5
0.90
9m²/Kg (10m²/L)
0.06 - 0.12mm
60 - 120μm
2.4 – 4.7mil
12 months
<50%

### **Features**

- High Performance
- Low Viscosity
- Single Component
- Can be Brush, Dip or Spray Applied
- Temperature Tolerant (-45°C 180°C)
- Good Chemical Resistance



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### **Erabond Concrete**

Concrete Primer

### **TECHNICAL DATASHEET - Extract**

Erabond Concrete is a low viscosity, solvent based prepolymer primer for concrete.

### Application

**Erabond Concrete** is suitable as a fast cure primer for concrete and concrete like substrates.

### **Product Specification**

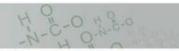
Appearance	Brown to amber coloured liquid	
Brookfield Viscosity @ 25°C (cps)	20-100	
Specific Gravity	1.02	
% Solids	~ 62-68	
Dry time @ 25°C (hours)	1.5-2.0	
Topcoat application window	Within 12 hours of primer application	

### **Benefits**

- Fast drying
- Strong key to the substrate
- Low viscosity
- Deep penetration to the substrate
- Single component (no mixing required)



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### **Erabond 2K Concrete**

**EPOXY PRIMER** 

### **TECHNICAL DATASHEET - Extract**

**Erabond 2K Concrete** is a two component, solventless, epoxy primer for use on concrete, including outstanding adhesion to damp concrete.

**Erabond 2K Concrete** uses premium epoxy resins and curing agents to produce a low-viscosity, clear, yet tough and durable product.

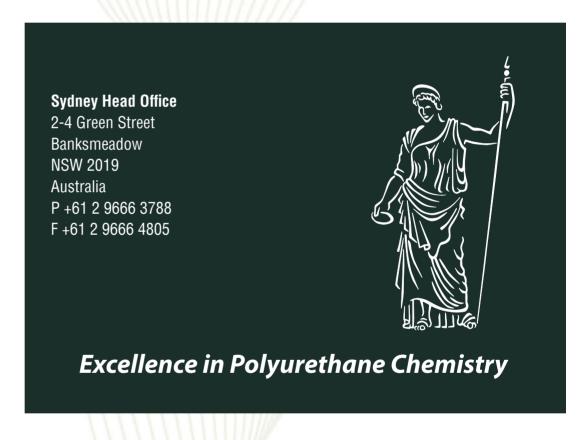
### **Features**

- Non-hazmat solventless, non-corrosive, non flammable product for cheaper, easier and faster transport
- Potable water approved under AS 4020
- Field-friendly mix ratio tolerance and long storage life, combined with surface /moisture tolerance gives a truly field-friendly product
- · Good tolerance of low temperatures
- Good overall chemical resistance, including 70% sulphuric acid
- Can be applied onto dry, damp or even wet surfaces, as it is completely moisture tolerant
- Clear formulation does not impact on colour of underlying aggregate or coating
- · Clear, yet very durable
- Low viscosity, slow curing product ideal for sealing applications as it allows deep penetration to give a thorough seal
- Solventless means product can be applied in confined spaces with no need for ventilation equipment
- 100% solids means long shelf life (do not have to use all at once) and no shrinkage in the coating film



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The information on surface preparation is of a general nature and is supplied without recommendation or any guarantees. Successful application depends on the conditions in which the products are applied. The contractor must evaluate their own surface preparation requirements, primers and surfacing systems.

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